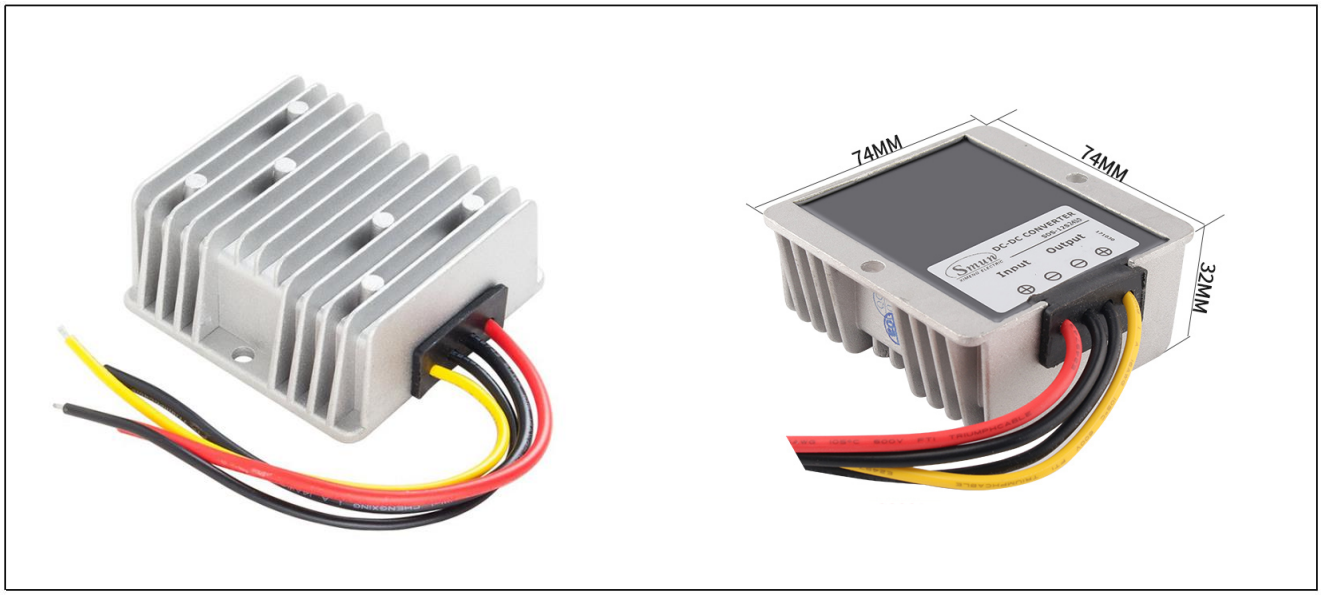
Non-Isolated DC/DC Converter Specification

Model No.: SDSJ8-40S13R810

Input voltage	Output voltage	Output current	Output power	Efficiency	Size
8-40V DC	13.8V DC	10 Amps	138 Watts	93.5%	74*74*32mm



The SDSJ8-40S13R810 is a Non-isolated DC-DC converter that uses a synchronous rectification technology, and features high efficiency and power density. It has the dimensions of 74mm x 74mm x 32mm (2.91 in. x 2.91 in. x 1.26 in) and provides the rated output voltage of 13.8V and the maximum output current of 10A.

Features

- Design meeting RoHS / CE
- High efficiency: 93.5% (@ 12Vin, 25℃)
- Import capacitors, high reliability
- Input transient absorption protection
- Support -40 °C environment
- 100% full load burn-in test
- Short circuit, Over load, Low voltage protections
- Remote ON/OFF control (optional)
- Waterproof level IP68
- 1 Year warranty

Applications

- Industrial
- Alternative Energy
- Golf Cart
- Forklift
- Electromotor
- Telecommunications
- Boat & Yacht
- Medical
- LED Marketplaces and so on.

Model naming method

SDSJ8-40S13R810

SDSJ : Boost-buck type

8-40 : Input rated voltage

S : Single output type

13.8 : Output voltage

10 : Output current

Electrical Specifications

Conditions: TA = 25 °C (77°F), Airflow = 1 m/s (200LFM), Vin =12V, Vout =13.8V, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Remarks
Absolute maximum ratings					
Operating ambient temperature	-40	-	+55	°C	
Shell ambient temperature	-40	-	80	°C	
Storage temperature	-55	-	100	°C	
Operating humidity	5	-	95	%	Non-condensing
Atmospheric pressure	62	-	106	Kpa	
Altitude	-	-	4000	m	
Cooling way	-	-	-		Natural cooling
Input characteristics					
Input voltage	8	12/24	40	V	-
Max. input voltage	-	-	40	V	Continuous
Undervoltage shutdown	7.5	7.6	7.8	V	Automatic recovery
Undervoltage recovery	8.5	8.6	8.7	V	Automatic recovery
Max. input current	-	-	20.1	A	Vin =8.2V; Iout =10A
No load current	-	41	50	mA	Vin =12V
Positive electrode cable	14	-	-	AWG	If the wire length is greater than 50cm, it is recommended to use a thicker wire diameter.
Negative electrode cable	14	-	-	AWG	
Enable PIN cable	-	-	-	AWG	If the product has this feature
Fuse	-	30	-	A	Input positive has built-in fuse
Output characteristics					
Efficiency	-	93.5	-	%	Vin =12V; Iout =10A
Output voltage	13.5	13.8	13.9	V	Vin =12V; Iout =10A
Regulator accuracy	-	±2	-	%	
Voltage regulation	-	±2	-	%	
Load Regulation	-	±2	-	%	
Overvoltage protection	-	-	-	V	
Output current	0	-	10	A	
Overcurrent protection	-	18	19	A	Vin=12V
External capacitance	-	-	-	μF	Don't need
Output ripple and noise	-	72	250	mVp-p	Vin =8-40V; Iout=10A, Oscilloscope bandwidth: 20 MHz
Output voltage rise time	-	2.5	30	mS	
Boot delay time	-	9	30	mS	
Out voltage overshoot	-	1	2	%	Vin =12V, 50%-75% Load step
Over temperature protection	-	-	88	°C	Shell temperature
Short circuit protection	-	Yes	-		Long-term (4 hours) short circuit is not damaged, Hiccup mode
Positive electrode cable	16	-	-	AWG	If the wire length is greater than 50cm, it is recommended to use a thicker wire diameter.
Negative electrode cable	16	-	-	AWG	

Safety and EMC features				
Anti-electric Strength	Input to Output	-	V	Leakage current ≤ 3.5mA, 1min, no breakdown, no arcing
	Input to Shell	≥500	V	
	Output to Shell	≥500	V	
Insulation resistance	Input to Output	≥10	MΩ	Test voltage = 500V
	Input to Shell			
	Output to Shell			
Other characteristics				
Weight	≤ 290		g	
Package	White box			
MTBF	≥200,000		H	Vin= 12V; Iout= 10A
Switching frequency	120±10		KHz	

Characteristic Curves

Conditions: TA = 25°C (77°F), Vin = 12V, Vout = 13.8V , unless otherwise specified.

Figure 1, Efficiency

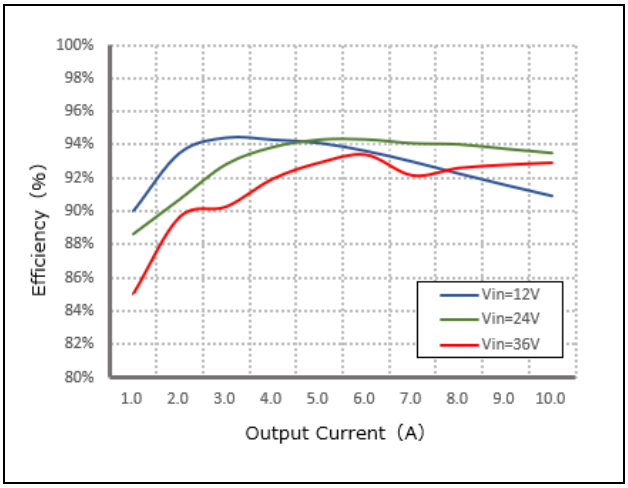


Figure 2, Power dissipation

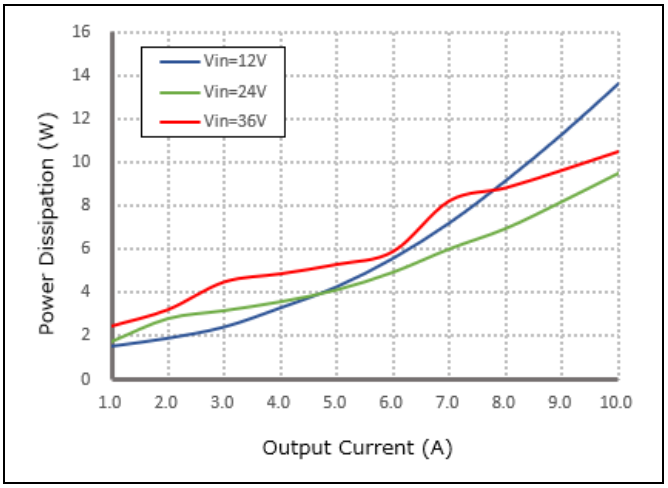
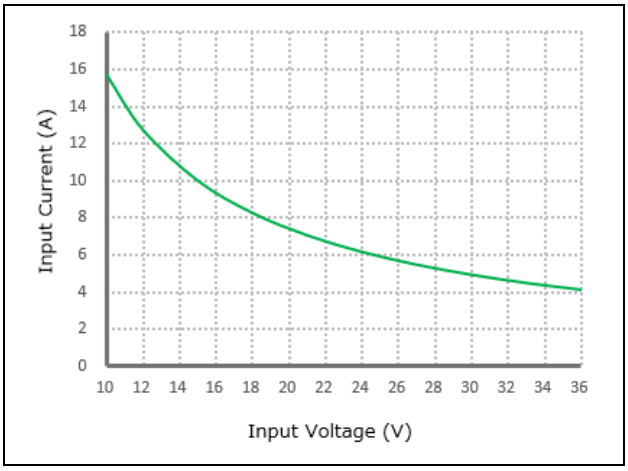


Figure 3, Input V-I, Iout=10A



Typical Waveforms

Conditions: TA = 25° C (77° F), Vin = 12V, unless otherwise specified.

Figure 4, 25% - 50% load dynamic

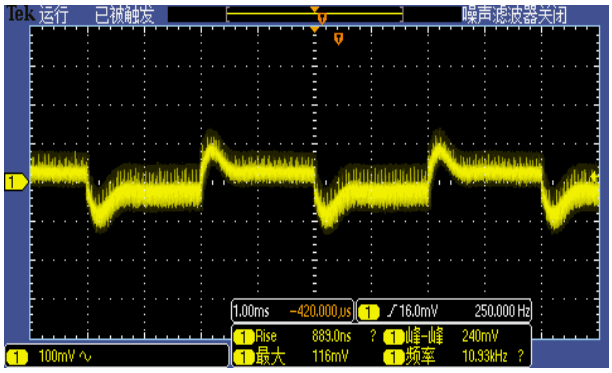


Figure 5, 50% - 75% load dynamic

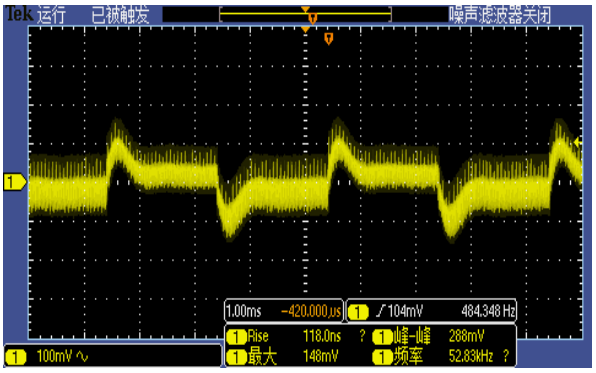


Figure 6, Output voltage established (Iout = 10A)

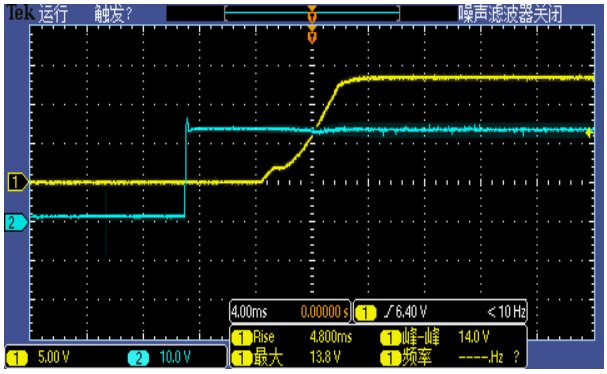
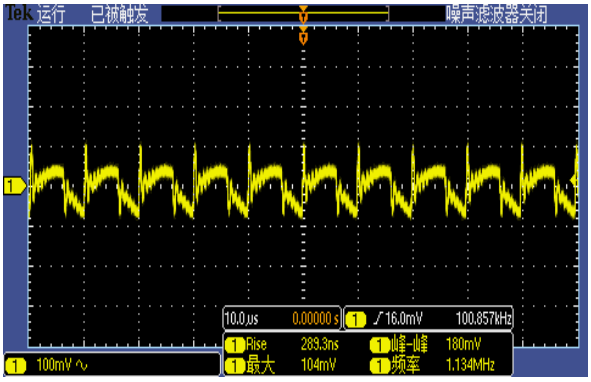


Figure 7, Output ripple & noise (Iout = 10A)

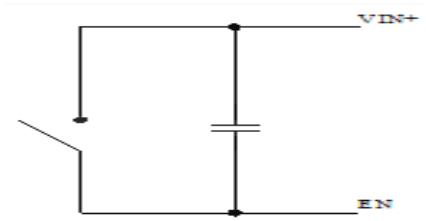


Feature Description

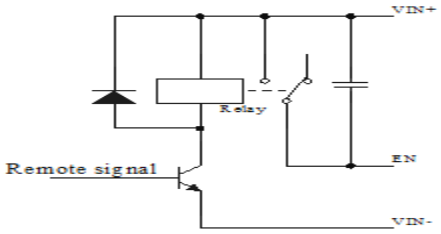
Remote On/Off (EN) (Optional)

Logic Enable	Low level (0 - 8Vdc)	High level (8-40Vdc)	Left open
Positive logic	Off	On	Off

Various circuits for driving the EN



Simple control



Transistor control

Input Undervoltage Protection

The converter will shut down after the input voltage drops below the under-voltage protection threshold for shutdown. The converter will start to work again after the input voltage reaches the input under voltage protection threshold for startup. For the Hysteresis, see the Protection characteristics.

Output Overcurrent Protection

The converter equipped with current limiting circuitry can provide protection from an output overload or short circuit condition. If the output current exceeds the output overcurrent protection set point, the converter enters hiccup mode. When the fault condition is removed, the converter will automatically restart.

Overtemperature Protection

A temperature sensor on the converter senses the average temperature of the module. It protects the converter from being damaged at high temperatures. When the temperature exceeds the over temperature protection threshold, the output will shut down. It will allow the converter to turn on again when the temperature of the sensed location falls by the value of Over temperature Protection Hysteresis

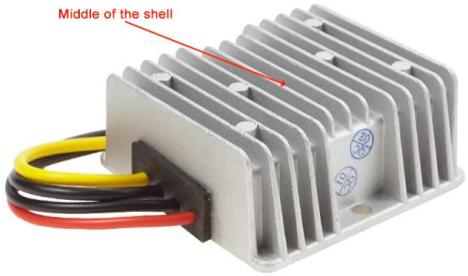
Wiring Instructions

The input and output of this product is terminals. The user should ensure that the input and output wires and terminals are connected reliably, and pay attention to the wire diameter to meet the requirements of the power supply current. If the cable to be used is long, it needs Considering the voltage drop of the wire, if the voltage drop is too large, the voltage output at the load end may not meet the load demand. In this case, consider using a thicker wire diameter or reducing the length of the wire. Generally, if long wiring is required. Long line should be used on the side where the current is relatively small. For example, this product is a step-down product, so long lines should be used on the input side.

Thermal Consideration

Sufficient airflow should be provided to help ensure reliable operating of the SDSJ8-40S13R810

Therefore, thermal components are mounted on the top surface of the SDSJ8-40S13R810 to dissipate heat to the surrounding environment by conduction, convection, and radiation. Proper airflow can be verified by measuring the temperature at the middle of the base plate.



Dimension

