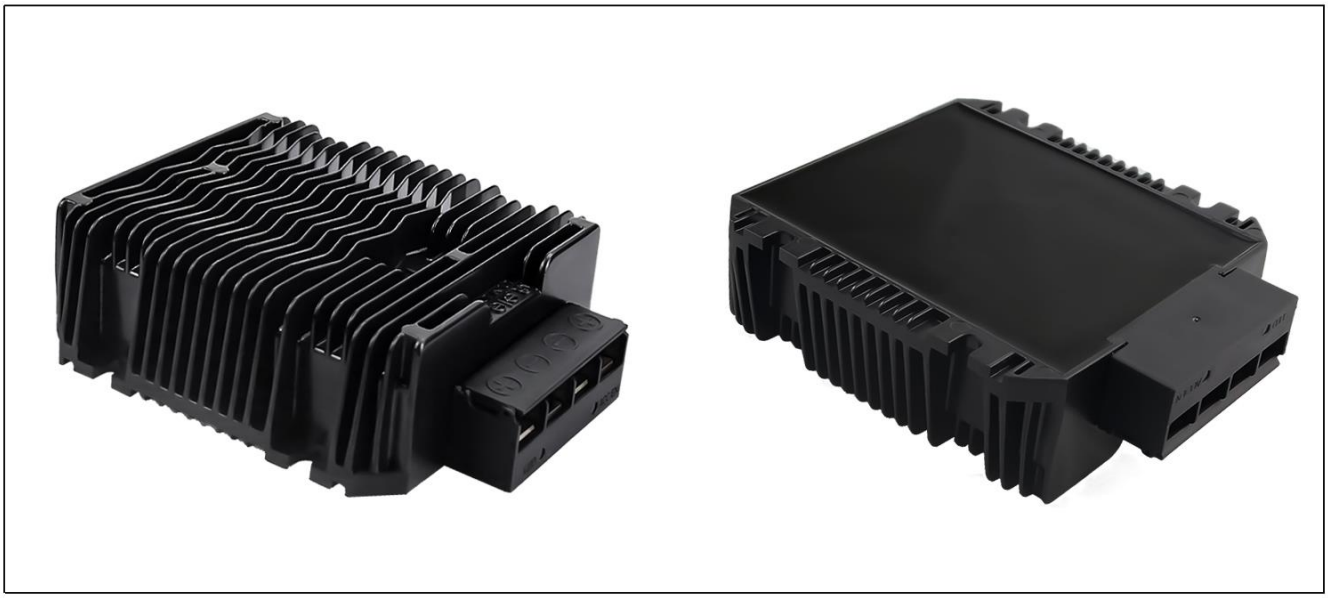
Smun
XIMENG ELECTRIC

Non-Isolated DC/DC Converter Specification

Model No.: SDSJ10-44S13R855

Input voltage	Output voltage	Output current	Output power	Efficiency	Size
10-44V DC	13.8V DC	55 Amps	759 Watts	95.8%	140*120*42.5mm



The SDSJ10-44S13R855 is a Non-isolated DC-DC converter that uses a synchronous rectification technology, and features high efficiency and power density. It has the dimensions of 140mm x 120mm x 42.5mm (5.51 in. x 4.72 in. x 1.67 in) and provides the rated output voltage of 13.8V and the maximum output current of 55A.

Features

- Design meeting RoHS / CE
- High efficiency: 95.8% (@12Vin, 25℃)
- Non-isolated between input and output
- 100% full stable current output
- Support -40 °C environment
- 100% full load burn-in test
- Short circuit, OT, OL, LV protections
- Waterproof level IP67
- 2 Years warranty

Applications

- Industrial
- Alternative Energy
- Golf Cart
- Forklift & Cars
- Electromotor
- Telecommunications
- Boat & Yacht
- Medical
- LED Marketplaces and so on.

Model naming method

SDSJ10-44S13R855

SDSJ : Boost-buck type

10-44 : Input rated voltage

S : Single output type

13R8 : Output voltage 13.8V

55 : Output current

Electrical Specifications

Conditions: TA = 25 °C (77°F), Airflow = 1 m/s (200LFM), Vin =12V, Vout =13.8V, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Remarks
Absolute maximum ratings					
Operating ambient temperature	-40	-	+55	°C	
Shell ambient temperature	-40	-	80	°C	
Storage temperature	-55	-	100	°C	
Operating humidity	5	-	95	%	Non-condensing
Atmospheric pressure	62	-	106	Kpa	
Altitude	-	-	4000	m	
Cooling way	-	-	-		Natural cooling
Input characteristics					
Input voltage	10	12/24/36	44	V	-
Max. input voltage	-	-	45	V	Continuous
Undervoltage shutdown	8	9	10	V	Automatic recovery
Undervoltage recovery	10	10.5	11	V	Automatic recovery
Max. input current	-	-	82	A	Vin =10V; Iout =55A
No load current	-	110	150	mA	Vin =12V
Positive electrode cable	4	-	-	AWG	If the wire length is greater than 50cm, it is recommended to use a thicker wire diameter.
Negative electrode cable	4	-	-	AWG	
Enable PIN cable	-	NA	-	AWG	If the product has this feature
Fuse	-	120	-	A	Input positive has built-in fuse
Output characteristics					
Efficiency	-	95.8	-	%	Vin =12V; Iout =55A
Output voltage	13.5	13.8	13.9	V	Vin =12V; Iout =55A
Regulator accuracy	-	±2	-	%	
Voltage regulation	-	±2	-	%	
Load Regulation	-	±2	-	%	
Overvoltage protection	-	NA	-	V	
Output current	0	-	55	A	Vin =10-44V
Overcurrent protection	54	55	56	A	Vin =12V
External capacitance	-	NA	-	μF	Don't need
Output ripple and noise	-	153	350	mVp-p	Vin =10-44V; Iout=55A, Oscilloscope bandwidth: 20 MHz
Output voltage rise time	-	360	400	mS	
Boot delay time	-	1.5	3	mS	
Out voltage overshoot	-	2	3	%	Vin =12V, 50%-75% Load step
Over temperature protection	-	-	98	°C	Shell temperature
Short circuit protection	-	YES	-		Long-term (4 hours) short circuit is not damaged, Hiccup mode
Positive electrode cable	8	-	-	AWG	If the wire length is greater than 50cm, it is recommended to use a thicker wire diameter.
Negative electrode cable	8	-	-	AWG	

Safety and EMC features				
Anti-electric Strength	Input to Output	-	V	Leakage current ≤ 3.5mA, 1min, no breakdown, no arcing
	Input to Shell	≥500	V	
	Output to Shell	≥500	V	
Insulation resistance	Input to Output	≥10	MΩ	Test voltage = 500V
	Input to Shell			
	Output to Shell			
Other characteristics				
Weight	≤ 1.2		kg	
Package	White box			
MTBF	≥200,000		H	Vin= 12V; Iout= 55A
Switching frequency	130±10		KHz	

Characteristic Curves

Conditions: TA = 25°C (77°F), Vin = 12V, Vout = 13.8V, unless otherwise specified.

Figure 1, Efficiency

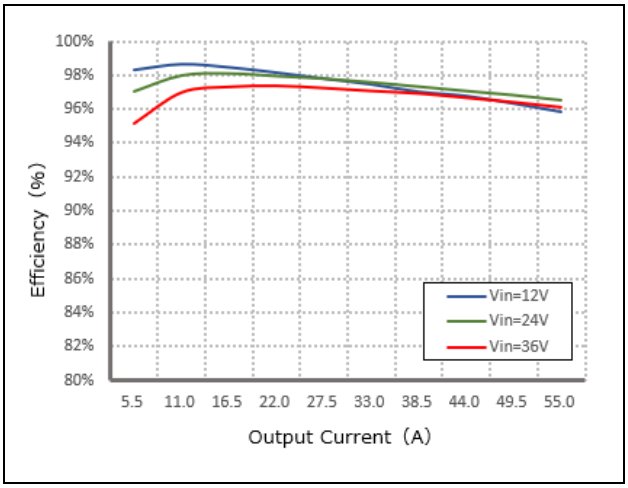


Figure 2, Power dissipation

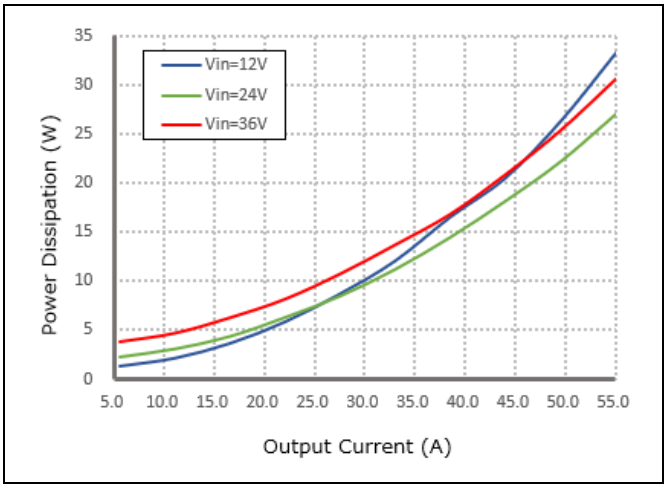


Figure 3, Input V-I, Iout=55A

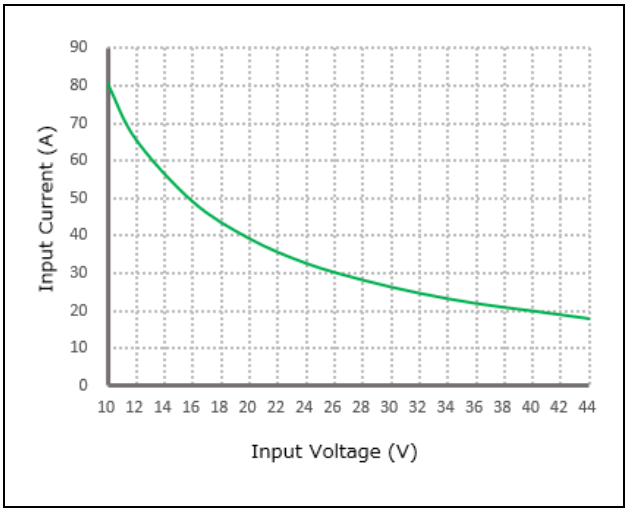
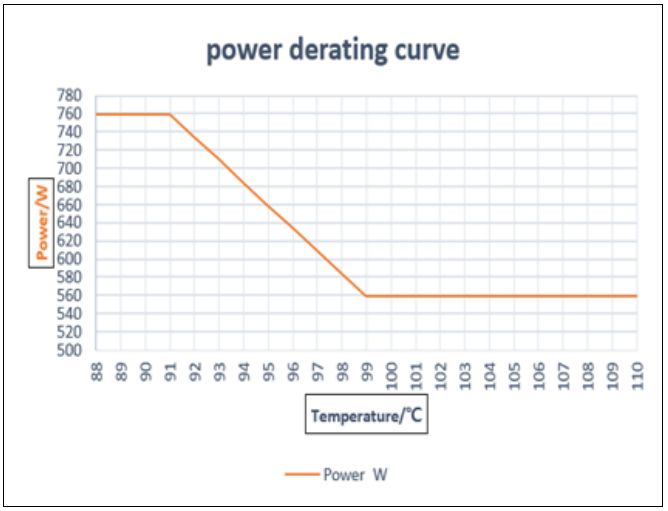


Figure 4, Power-Temperature, Iout=55A



Typical Waveforms

Conditions: TA = 25° C (77° F), Vin = 12V, unless otherwise specified.

Figure 5, 25% - 50% load dynamic

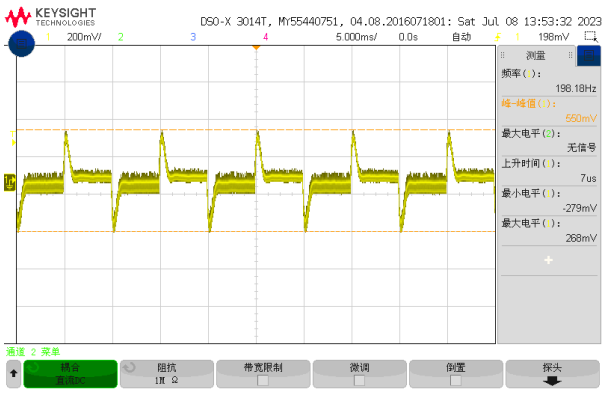


Figure 6, 50% - 75% load dynamic



Figure 7, Output voltage established (Iout = 55A)

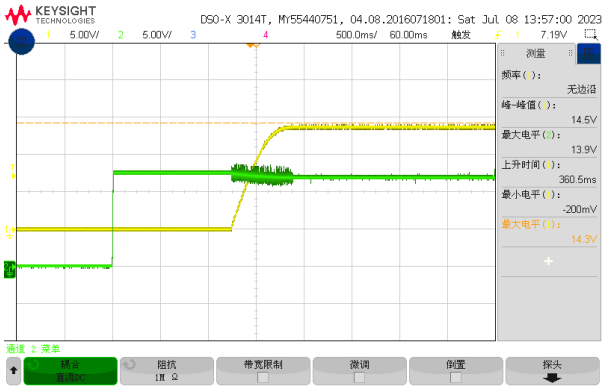
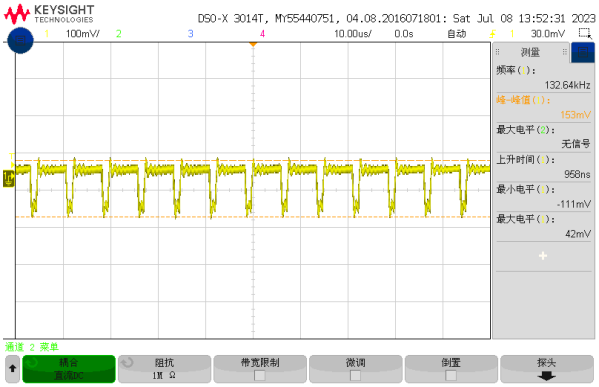


Figure 8, Output ripple & noise (Iout = 55A)

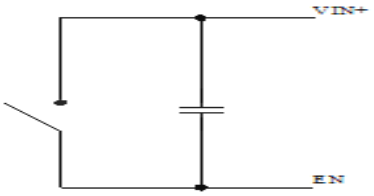


Feature Description

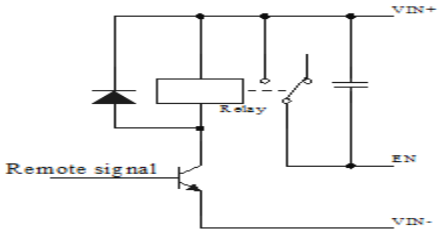
Remote On/Off (EN) (Optional)

Logic Enable	Low level (0 - 10Vdc)	High level (10-44Vdc)	Left open
Positive logic	Off	On	Off

Various circuits for driving the EN



Simple control



Transistor control

Input Undervoltage Protection

The converter will shut down after the input voltage drops below the under-voltage protection threshold for shutdown. The converter will start to work again after the input voltage reaches the input under voltage protection threshold for startup. For the Hysteresis, see the Protection characteristics.

Output Overcurrent Protection

The converter equipped with current limiting circuitry can provide protection from an output overload or short circuit condition. If the output current exceeds the output overcurrent protection set point, the converter enters hiccup mode. When the fault condition is removed, the converter will automatically restart.

Overtemperature Protection

A temperature sensor on the converter senses the average temperature of the module. It protects the converter from being damaged at high temperatures. When the temperature exceeds the over temperature protection threshold, the output will shut down. It will allow the converter to turn on again when the temperature of the sensed location falls by the value of Over temperature Protection Hysteresis

Wiring Instructions

The input and output of this product is terminals. The user should ensure that the input and output wires and terminals are connected reliably, and pay attention to the wire diameter to meet the requirements of the power supply current. If the cable to be used is long, it needs Considering the voltage drop of the wire, if the voltage drop is too large, the voltage output at the load end may not meet the load demand. In this case, consider using a thicker wire diameter or reducing the length of the wire. Generally, if long wiring is required. Long line should be used on the side where the current is relatively small. For example, this product is a step-down product, so long lines should be used on the input side.

Thermal Consideration

Sufficient airflow should be provided to help ensure reliable operating of the SDSJ10-44S13R855 Therefore, thermal components are mounted on the top surface of the SDSJ10-44S13R855 to dissipate heat to the surrounding environment by conduction, convection, and radiation. Proper airflow can be verified by measuring the temperature at the middle of the base plate.



Dimension (unit: mm)

